

French Year 10 Summer Term - Le grand large

Objective: To discuss holidays.

Threshold Concepts:

- There are two versions of the possessive adjective "our" in French - plural and singular.
- In French, some verbs are reflexive and have an extra pronoun, which agrees with the subject of the verb.
- Some expressions use the verb "avoir" in French but are mostly translated using the English "to be", eg, "avoir faim" - "to be hungry".

The **Oak National Academy** website has lessons which accompany work on this topic

Holiday & Accommodation:

Je vais- I go

en France- to France

au Pays de Galles- to Wales

aux Etats-Unis- to the USA

Je voyage - I travel

en avion/bateau- by plane/boat

en car/train- by coach/by train

en voiture- by car

À vélo- by bike

Je pars avec...- I go with

ma famille- my family

mes parents- my parents

mes copains/copines- my friends m/f

seul(e)- alone

Je loge dans- I stay in/on

un camping- a campsite

un hôtel- a hotel

une auberge de jeunesse- a youth hostel

Je voudrais réserver une chambre I

would like to reserve a bedroom

pour une/deux personnes/ nuits - for 1 or 2 people/nights

avec un lit simple/un grand lit- with a single/ double bed

Est-ce que vous avez - Do you have

une piscine?- a swimming pool?

la climatisation?- air conditioning?

une vue sur la mer?- a sea view

un balcon?- a balcony

un restaurant?- a restaurant

un télévision à écran plat- a flat-screen TV

At the tourist office:

Au guichet- at the ticket counter

Je peux vous aider? - Can I help you?

Je voudrais un aller simple/ un aller-retour pour Paris s'il vous plait- I would like a single/return to Paris please.

En quelle classe?- In which class?

En première/deuxième classe.- In first/second class

C'est quel quai?- Which platform is it?

Le train part à quelle heure?- What time does the train leave?

Le voyage dure combien de temps?- How long does the journey last?

Catastrophic Holidays:

J'ai oublié mon passeport- I forgot my passport

J'ai pris un coup de soleil- I got sunburnt

J'ai été malade- I got sick

J'ai casé mon appareil photo- I broke my camera

Il y avait des cafards dans notre chambre- there were cockroaches in our room

J'ai raté l'avion- I missed the plane

J'ai dû aller chez le medecin- I had to go to the doctor

J'ai perdu mes photos- I lost my photos

Holiday Activities:

Je fais- I do/go

de la planche à voile- windsurfing

de la voile- sailing

de l'accrobranche- a tree-top adventure

du ski- skiing

Je visite les musées/monuments- I visit the museums/monuments

Je vais à la pêche/ à la plage- I go fishing/ to the beach

Je joue à la pétanque- I play French bowls

Je me baigne- I swim (in the sea)

Je me promène- I go for a walk

Je me repose- I rest/relax

Je sors au restaurant- I go out to a restaurant

Reflexive Verbs:

These are verbs which either:

1. Reflect the action back onto the subject (e.g. I wash myself: Je me lave), or

2. have the sense of "each other" (e.g. They love each other: Ils s'aiment)

Learn about them more on BBC Bitesize by scanning this QR code:



Now practice using them on Languages Online by scanning this QR code:



The possessive adjective 'our':

To express who something belongs to (my, your, our), use a possessive adjective. In French, the possessive adjective agrees with the gender of the thing owned, not the owner.

English	Masc	Fem	Plural
Our	notre	notre	nos

Use the QR code to watch the BBC Bitesize video about possessive adjectives and take the quiz to check you have understood:



Expressions using 'avoir- to have' in French:

Certain expressions use avoir 'to have' in French but are not translated literally in English.

e.g. avoir faim- to be hungry

avoir soif- to be thirsty

avoir besoin de- to need

avoir envie de- to want

Use the QR code to read more about this on BBC Bitesize and then watch the YouTube video to consolidate your learning:

